# CASE NO. 3: PUBLIC TESTIMONY

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### **RECAPITULATION OF CASE**

- University professor testified at hearing for a proposed chemical production factory
- Testified that the factory will have no negative impact, using results of an analysis carried out by his grad students
- Research originally supported by a grant from the federal government, but when it expired, additional funding was provided by the company wishing to construct the factory
- At no time did the professor or the company reveal that the research was supported by the company

## ISSUE CLARIFICATION

- Reported favorable results that were supported by the company without disclosing
- Final analysis completed with funding by the company (as we've seen, a lot can be done with data)

# IS DISCLOSURE REQUIRED?

#### • YES

#### • Disclosure required when:

- Reporting research results
- Presenting facts or opinions before any public body, commission, or group

# CATEGORY OF CONFLICT

• Scientific Conflict of Interest

- Someone who offers scientific testimony
- Individual's background and connections should be revealed before the testimony

#### DEALING WITH THE CONFLICT

- Worst: No disclosure, source of funding comes out during testimony, professor seen as deceptive, company not allowed to build factory
- Show objective scientific practices, industry standard procedures/analysis were used
- Professor does not testify (too late for this as it is already done)
- Best: Have an independent body verify results and analysis to ensure that undue influence is not being exerted on the results (then have them testify)