STAT4101 (4 credits) Theory of Statistics I

Random variables and distributions; generating functions; standard distribution families; data summaries; sampling distributions; likelihood and sufficiency.

- 1. Random Variables and Distributions
 - (a) Setup
 - i. Event Algebra
 - ii. Counting
 - iii. Probability Rules
 - (b) Describing Distributions
 - Probability Functions (for discrete variables),
 Probability Density Functions (for continuous variables), and
 Cumulative Distribution Functions (for both)
 - ii. Joint, Marginal, and Conditional Distributions, and how are related
 - iii. Independence
 - (c) Expected Values, for both discrete and continuous random variables
 - i. Mean, Variance
 - ii. Expectation any function of the random variable (or variables)
 - iii. Using the Linearity of Expectations
 - iv. Covariance, Correlation, and how it relates to independence
- 2. Generating Functions
 - (a) Finding and using pgf's (also called fmgf's) and mgf's
 - (b) to find the mean and variance of a distribution,
 - (c) to find the distribution of the sum of independent variables, and
 - (d) to find the distribution of a new variable.
- 3. Standard Distribution Families
 - (a) Bernoulli, Binomial, Hypergeometric
 - (b) Geometric, Negative Binomial, Negative Hypergeometric
 - (c) Poisson, Exponential, Gamma (including Chi-Squared)
 - (d) Normal
- 4. Data Summaries
 - (a) Contigency tables, bar graphs
 - (b) Sample mean, standard deviation, correlation
 - (c) Stem-leaf plots, histograms, boxplots, and scatterplots
- 5. Sampling Distributions, Likelihood, and Sufficiency

We didn't get to these topics yet, so we will begin next semester with them.