Stat 5101 (Geyer) Fall 2008

Homework Assignment 3

Due Wednesday, September 24, 2008

Solve each problem. Explain your reasoning. No credit for answers with no explanation. If the problem is a proof, then you need words as well as formulas. Explain why your formulas follow one from another.

3-1. Suppose that pr is a PMF on a sample space Ω , suppose X and Y are random variables in this probability model. Prove the following statements.

(a)
$$E(X + Y) = E(X) + E(Y)$$
.

- (b) If $X(\omega) \geq 0$ for all $\omega \in \Omega$, then $E(X) \geq 0$.
- (c) If $Y(\omega) = a$ for all $\omega \in \Omega$, then E(XY) = aE(X).
- (d) If $Y(\omega) = 1$ for all $\omega \in \Omega$, then E(Y) = 1.

Do not use the axioms (these are the axioms). The problem is to prove that these statements follow from our earlier definition of PMF and expectation.

3-2. Suppose X has the uniform distribution on the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, and suppose $Y = X^2$.

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate E(Y).
- (c) Calculate E(Y/X).
- (d) Calculate E(Y)/E(X).
- (e) Compare your answers in (c) and (d). Are they the same? Should they be the same?
- **3-3.** Suppose E(X) = 3 and E(Y) = 4. Calculate E(5X + Y).
- **3-4.** Suppose X is a random variable having PMF given by

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate var(X).

3-5. Suppose X is a Ber(p) random variable and Y = 2X - 1.

- (a) Calculate E(Y).
- (b) Calculate var(Y).
- (c) Calculate $E(Y^2)$.
- (d) Calculate $var(Y^2)$.

3-6. Suppose X has the discrete uniform distribution on the set

$$\{ x \in \mathbb{Z} : l \le x \le u \}$$

where l and u are integers with l < u.

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate var(X).

3-7. Suppose X and Y are random variables in the same probability model, and suppose a, b, c, and d are constants. Prove that

$$cov(a + bX, c + dY) = bd cov(X, Y)$$

3-8. Suppose

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Calculate **AB**.
- (b) Calculate **BA**.
- (c) Compare your answers in (a) and (b). Are they the same? Should they be the same?
- **3-9.** Suppose X is a random variable with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Calculate the mean vector and variance matrix of the random vector $\mathbf{Y} = (X, 2 + 3X)$.

3-10. Suppose \mathbf{X} is a random variable with mean vector

$$oldsymbol{\mu} = egin{pmatrix} \mu_1 \ \mu_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

and variance matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 & c \\ c & v_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate the mean vector and variance matrix of the random vector $\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{X}$ where

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$